



**13th ANNUAL
FULBRIGHT & HUMPHREY
ALUMNI CONFERENCE**
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Implementing Climate-smart Dry Chain Technology for Seed and Food Security in Pakistan

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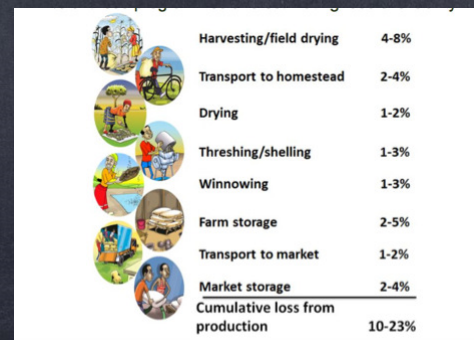
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FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

Problems???

- 1.3 billion metric tons of food is lost per year
- About 80 million tons of food grains are damaged by molds and insects
- Over 4.5 billion people are chronically exposed to aflatoxin in their diets
- Pakistan's economy loses PKR 6 to 7 billion per year because of the lack of adequate storage



FOOD LOSS AND WASTE FACTS

every year around the globe

1.3 BILLION TONNES OF

FOOD

is **lost or wasted**

that is **1/3** OF ALL FOOD PRODUCED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

Global quantitative food losses and waste for each commodity group per year:

30% **CEREALS**
In industrialized countries, consumers throw away 286 million tonnes of cereal products.

20% **DAIRY PRODUCTS**
In Europe alone, 29 million tonnes of dairy products are lost or wasted every year.

35% **FISH AND SEAFOOD**
8% of fish caught globally is thrown back into the sea. In most cases they are dead, dying or badly damaged.

45% **FRUITS AND VEGETABLES**
Almost half of all the fruit and vegetables produced are wasted.

20% **MEAT**
Of the 263 million tonnes of meat produced globally, over 20% is lost or wasted.

20% **OILSEEDS AND PULSES**
Every year, 22% of the global production of oilseeds and pulses is lost or wasted.

45% **ROOTS AND TUBERS**
In North America & Oceania alone, 5 814 000 tonnes of roots and tubers are wasted at the consumption stage alone.

Food loss and waste also amount to a major squandering of resources, including:

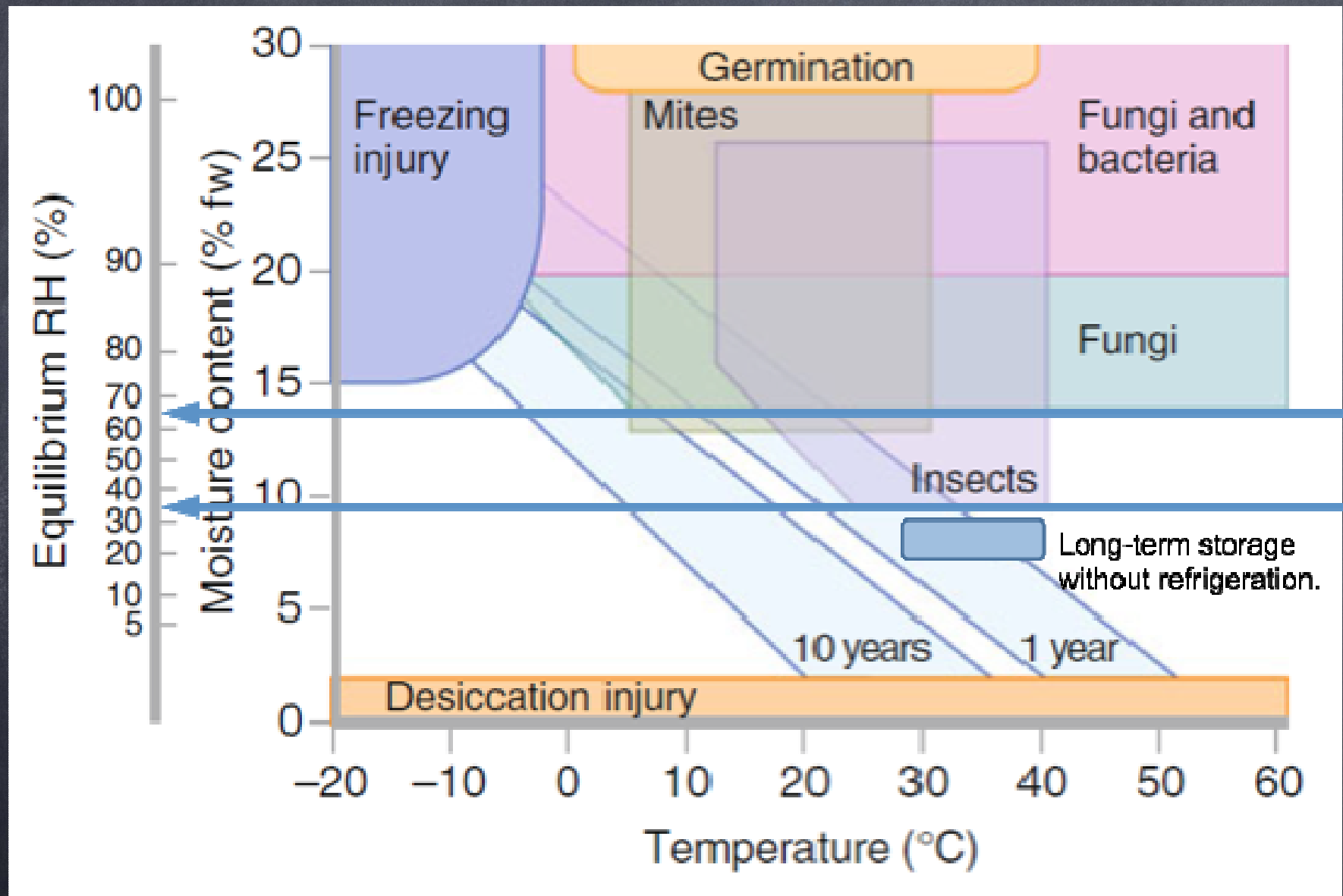


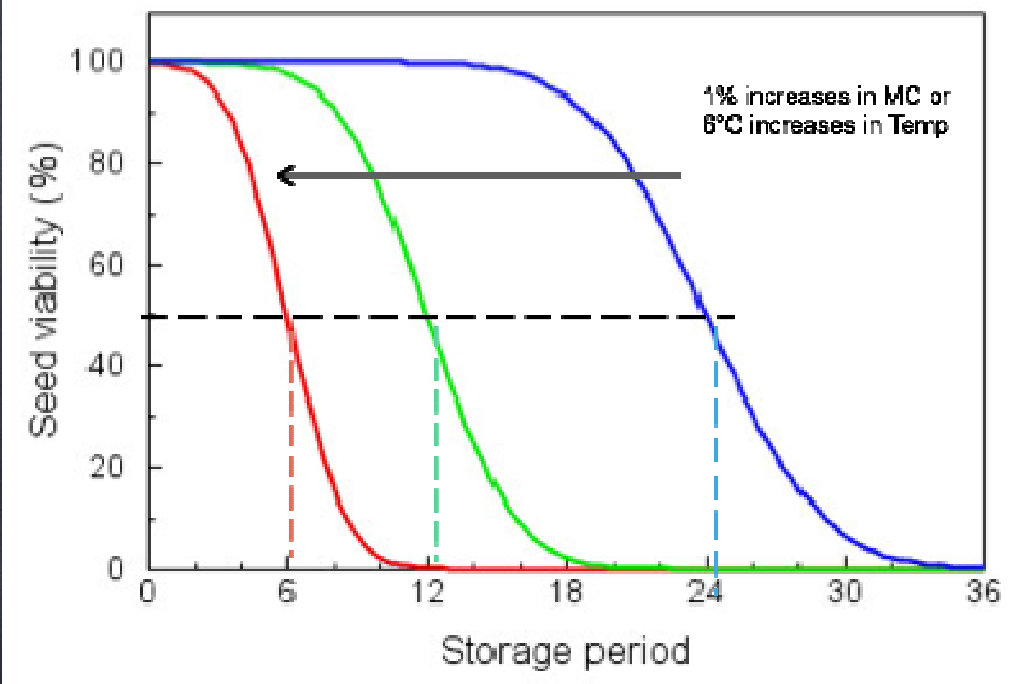
and needlessly produce **GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS**, contributing to **GLOBAL WARMING** and **CLIMATE CHANGE**.

www.fao.org/save-food

SAVE FOOD: Global Initiative on Food Loss and Waste Reduction

Correct drying and storage can play a major role in the reduction of insect infestation and seed loss





James' Rule:

Temp (°F) + RH (%) < 100
(for adequate, not optimal storage)

Harrington's Rule:

Seed longevity decreases by one-half for every 1% increase in moisture content or every 10°F (6°C) increase in temperature.

Our Strategy is
to
reduce SMC



اور ایک نوجوان پیش آزادی کے موقع پر ملک میں پانی بجلی کی سرسبزیاں کی تلاش کرنے کی کوشش کر رہا ہے (ایم این آئی)



University
of Agriculture, Faisalabad



Implementing Dry Chain Technology for Improving Livelihoods of The Maize Farming Community in Pakistan



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Distinguished Professor
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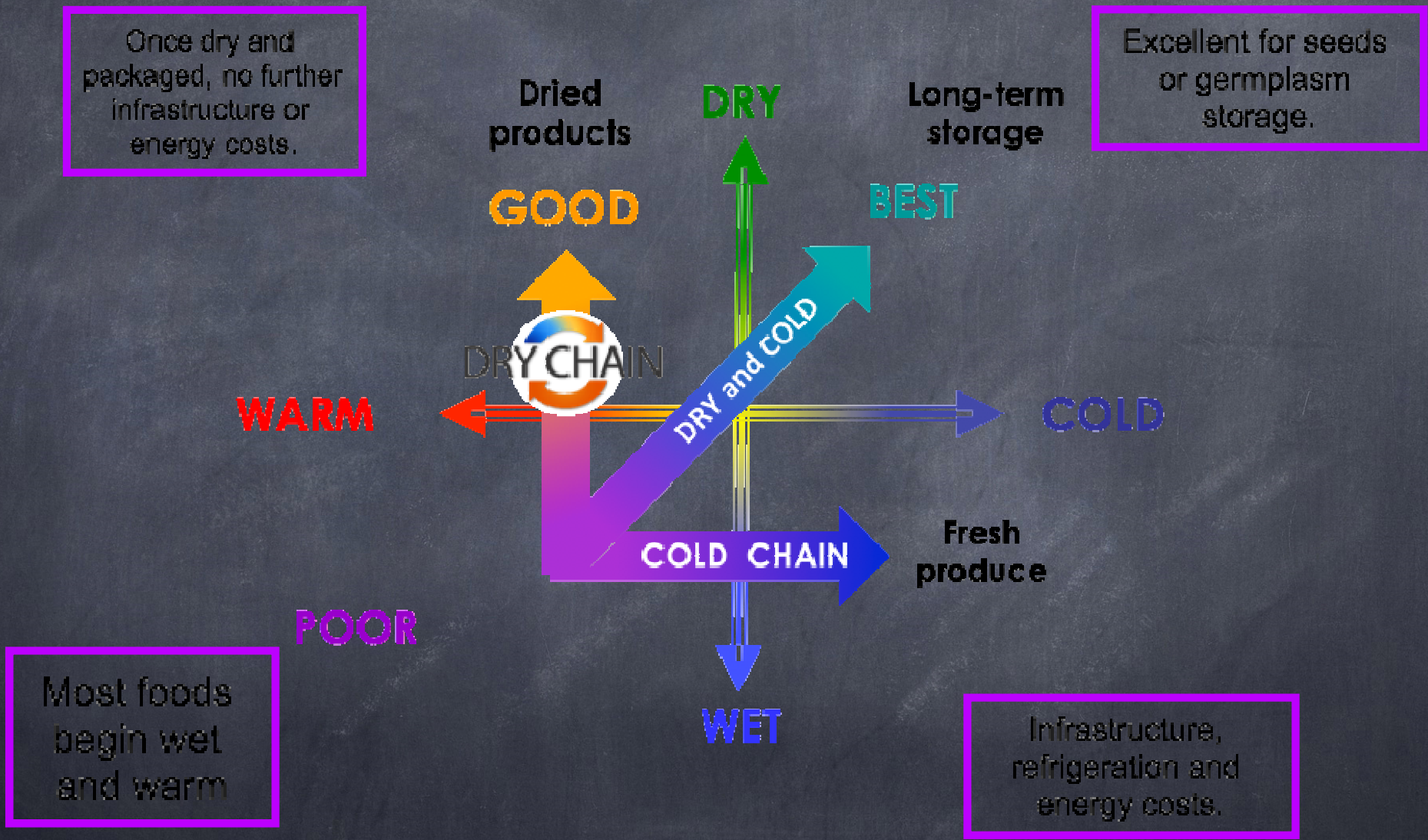


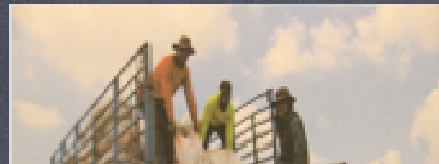
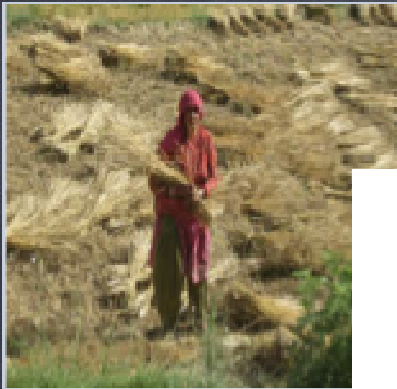
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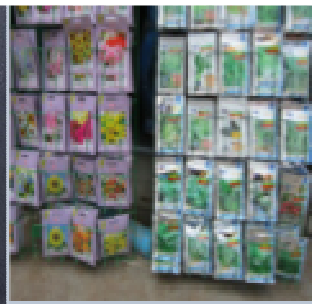
Cold and Dry Chains for Fresh and Dried Products





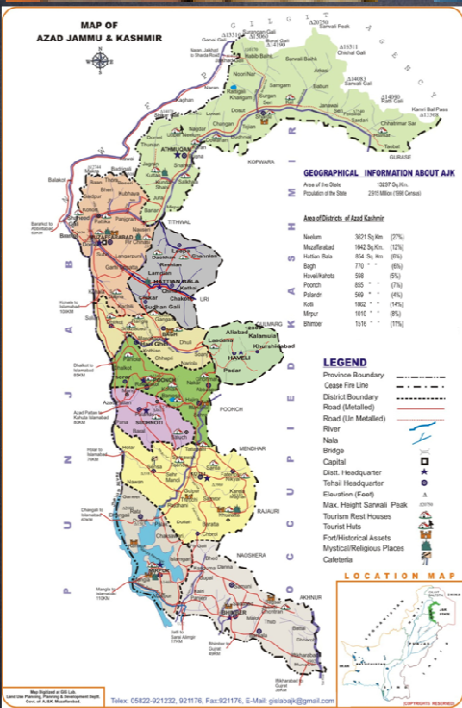
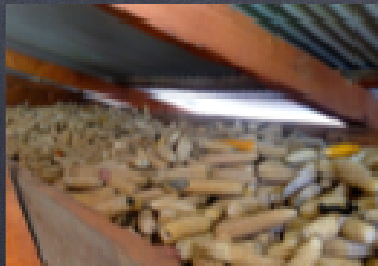
DRY CHAIN

Make It Dry – Keep It Dry



“Dry Chain” Concept for Seeds and Dried Commodities

Improvements in traditional drying and storage



Hermetic sealed storage system

- Special plastic-low oxygen permeability
- Respiration of grains and insect activity reduce oxygen quickly
- Plastic prevents moisture



1. Place the Super bag as a liner inside an existing storage bag



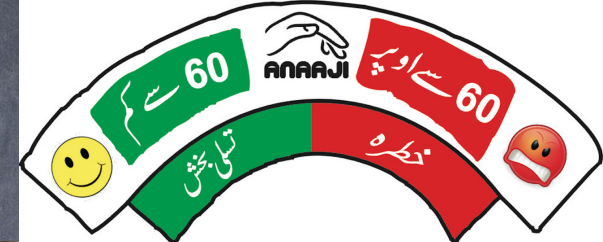
2. Fill bag with dry grain or seed
3. Remove excess air and twist



4. Fold plastic over and seal with either strong rubber bands or tape.



Hermetically Sealed drum (200 L)



ترکیب استعمال

۱۔ درم کو صحیح طریقہ سے بھریں	۲۔ درم کو صحیح طریقہ سے بند کریں	۳۔ درم کو صحیح طریقہ سے استعمال کریں
۴۔ درم کو صحیح طریقہ سے استعمال کریں	۵۔ درم کو صحیح طریقہ سے استعمال کریں	۶۔ درم کو صحیح طریقہ سے استعمال کریں
۷۔ درم کو آگ سے محفوظ رکھیں	۸۔ درم کو دھواں سے محفوظ رکھیں	۹۔ درم کو 60°C سے زیادہ گرمی سے محفوظ رکھیں

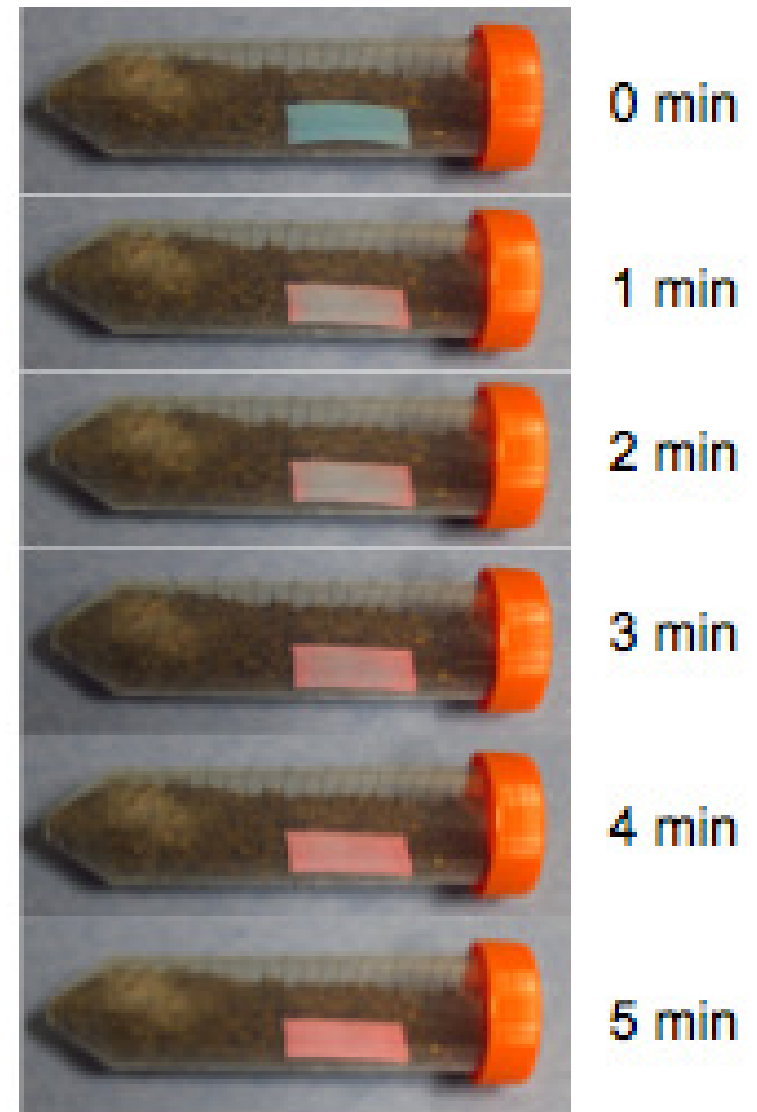


RH Indicator Strips Are Cheap and Easy to Use

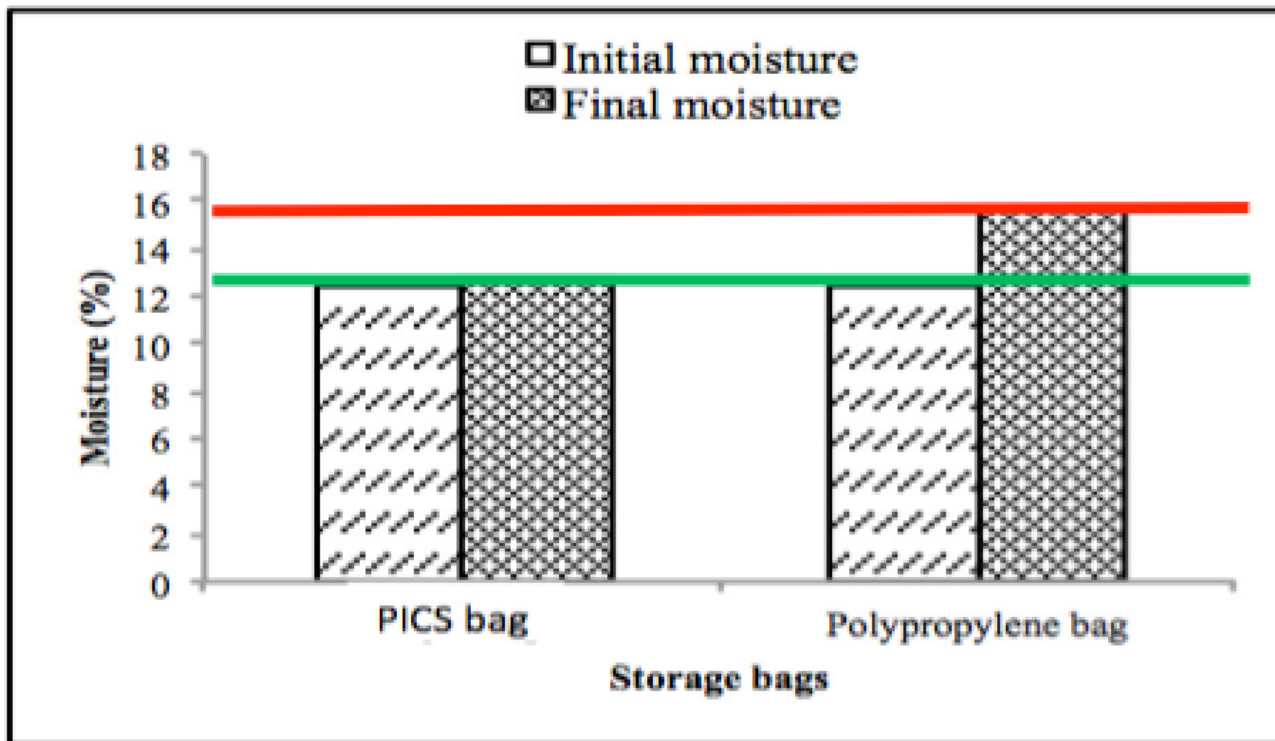
- RH indicator strips are very inexpensive and are adequate for routine monitoring.
- They can be enclosed in a sealed container with a seed sample, allowed to equilibrate, and the RH inside the container can be read on the color scale.



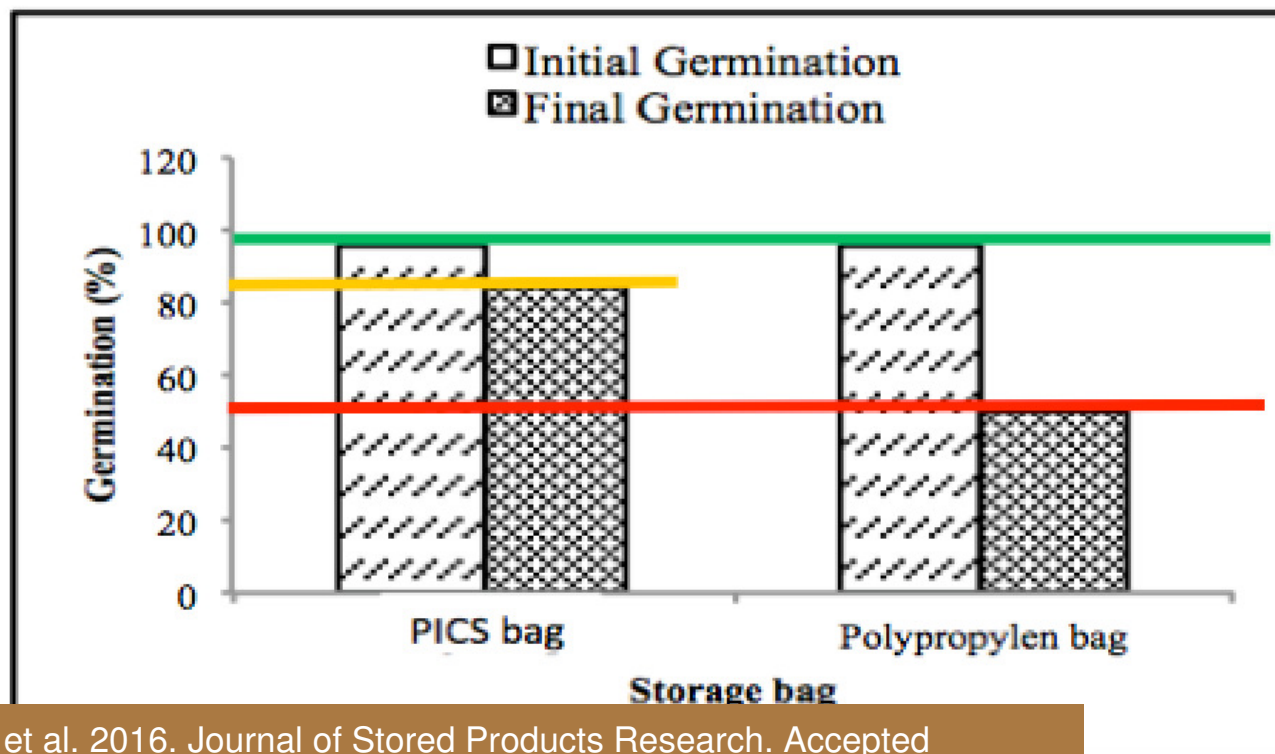
RH indicator strip added to sample of high MC seeds



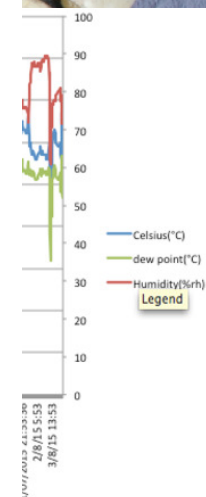
Maize



+ 3% MC



- 45%
Germ



Working with FAO





HYBRID SEED CORN

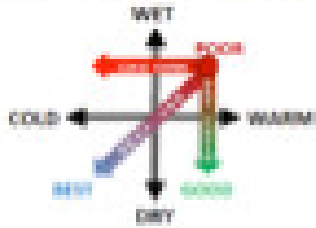
HYBRID SEED CORN

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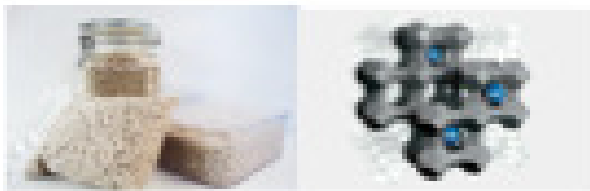
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Ph: 00501098-450
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IPF

Post harvest handling:



Dry Chain Principle



Cotton

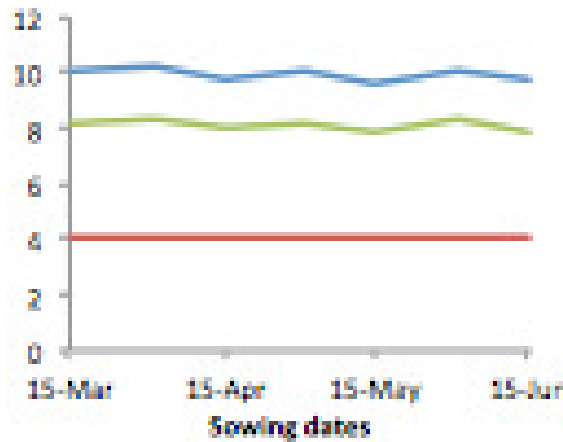
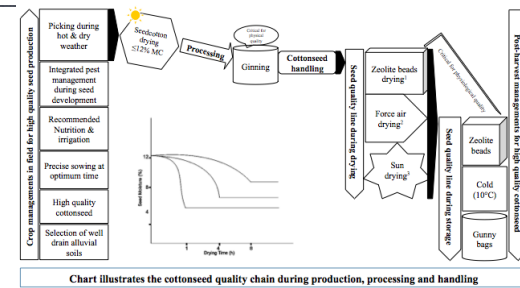


Fig g: Sun drying

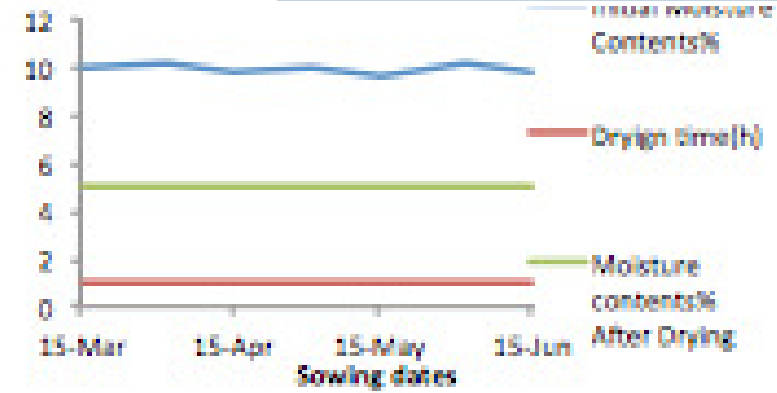


Fig h: Drying beads Drying

Drying beads®

Sun dried the cottonseed from 9.90% to 8.11% in 4 h while Drying beads when hermetically packed with cottonseed with 9.7% SMC dried down seeds to 5% SMC in 1 h.

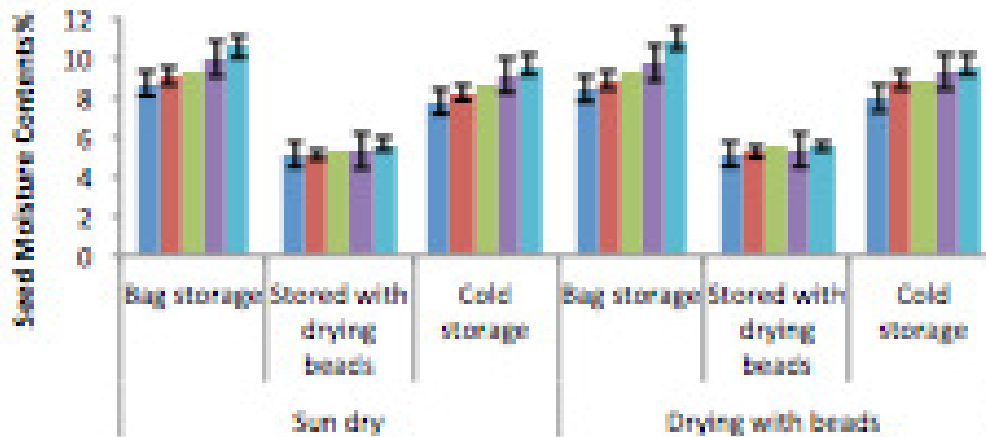


Fig i: Moisture contents %

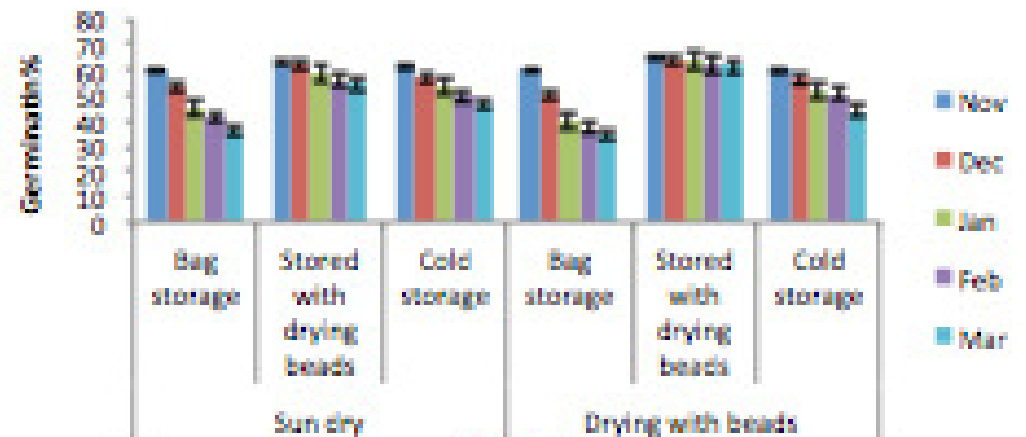


Fig j: Germination %

Comparison of SMC (Fig i) for different storage modules clearly favored storage with drying beads, as it kept the seed dry during 5 month storage irrespective to drying module. While low moisture contents insured seed quality during storage on seeds stored with Drying beads also germinate well (Fig j) after 5 month storage as compared to seeds stored in bag and refrigerator.

Agents of Change..... Sustainability

0.45 M Rs

3.00 M Rs



INTERNATIONAL AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

Passions Run High in Pakistan

THE PEOPLE OF Pakistan exhibit nothing if not passion. Those hailing from agriculturally prominent Punjab, the country's second largest province, are no exception. The University of Agriculture, Faisalabad (UAF) has emerged as a hub of activity for those dedicated and devoted to strengthening the nation's seed industry and the desire to modernize production agriculture. UAF has developed and now, under popular movement to strengthen the seed industry. That being said, the pace of how level to move forward is a challenging one. Stakeholder viewpoints often differ as to who might be best positioned to take the lead in developing seed industry and they work diligently to find common ground. UAF, in the knowledge of its charismatic professor emeritus, Professor A. Khan, will continue to play an active role in the public-private partnership endeavor. Students enjoy new formal and informal seed-related educational opportunities. Industry insiders and governmental officials benefit by having an opportunity to function in a more collaborative environment as they work to iron out differences and shape their industry. Society, as a whole, is the ultimate beneficiary.

Professor Asif Ali Khan, former UAF director of the Office of Research, Innovation and Commercialization, is a new "face" in the baby-kind of ag. He previously worked with the vice-chancellor related to seed industry development initiatives. Now, as vice-chancellor of Muhammad Hameed Sharada University of Agriculture (MHSU), Multan, he is based in the centrally located Cotton Belt region of Punjab.

Sparking A Movement
Acting as the formation of the Pakistan Seed Association (PSA), both a highly visible and viable public-private partnership can be credited as being a catalyst for other industry development efforts. Energetic and well-seasoned former UAF professor and associate professor, Iftikhar Akhtar stands out among those at UAF responsible for the association's success. Membership of PSA spans the range of private seed companies from the very small to the high national and multinational seed companies. It brings seed companies together for meaningful dialogue with academic personnel and regulatory bodies. PSA's initiatives have ranged from organizing educational seminars and workshops to facilitating discussions about modifying seed laws and establishing legislation that recognize seed breeders' rights.

A new undergraduate seed technology major option for students related industry appreciation and student acclaim. The major provides students a path way for entrance into the industry. Testing its student claim to the new credential having recently completed the eight semester program including an internship. Students gained valuable hands-on experience. UAF's collaboration with PSA in December to host a successful First Pakistan Seed Congress. The congress brought together representatives from 18 national, local and multi-state or regional universities. More than 40 research and governmental organizations also participated in the congress. Presentations were delivered by both Pakistani international experts and topics ranged from technical and scientific issues to that of seed industry development and engagement.

While many UAF work to further the development of the seed industry their efforts often go unappreciated. The reflective and ever-thoughtful professor of plant, breeding and genetics, Zulfiqar Ali, was recently named director of the Office of Research, Innovation and Commercialization at MHSU, Multan. His plans to conduct research on both campuses, while maintaining his role and local functional genetic research programs and expanding the scope to include soybean.

Another UAF graduate and genetics assistant professor, Anwarul Haque, is a gaining recognition within the industry as an emerging leader working in soybeans and topsoil erosion. He now manages UAF's newly compiled soybean research portfolio and seeks resources to enhance the research.

Seed companies are more engaged and with increased number of established. That over 1000 they are vigorously working toward development of a national seed industry event. The stakes are high. Opportunities exist. The players are passionate. Many success stories are being found around the next corner.

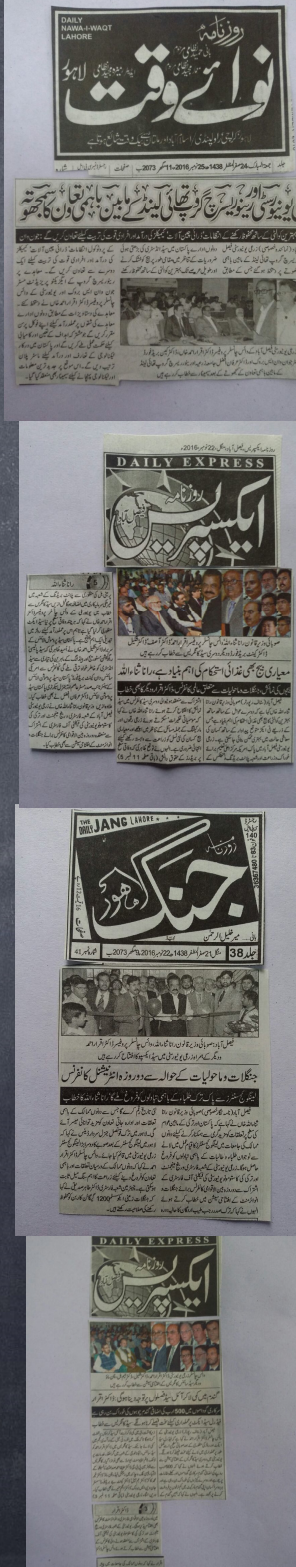
- PARTNERS
- SEED ASSOCIATION OF PAKISTAN
 - FAO
 - CropLife
- PLATINUM Sponsors
- YVES TOLLIER
 - IQS
 - MONSANTO
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New Competition to Award \$100 Million to Help Solve a Critical Social Problem



MacArthur Foundation





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Thank You

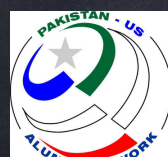


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